Water soluble, halide free solder paste

**Description:**

**WSP 2006 SnPb(Ag)** is a halide free, water soluble solder paste specifically designed for surface mount assembly and reflow.

As water soluble soldering chemistry is sensitive to high moisture and high temperature, it is advisable to keep R.H. below 60% and temperature below 30°C. Time between printing and soldering should be kept as small as possible.

**WSP 2006 SnPb(Ag)** provides good rheological properties and acceptable stencil stability which allow for a large printing process window.

The solder paste exhibits good wetting on most surface finishes.

**WSP 2006 SnPb(Ag)** is absolutely halide, resin and rosin free.

**Availability**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>alloy</th>
<th>metal content</th>
<th>powder size</th>
<th>packaging</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sn63Pb37</td>
<td>printing: 88%</td>
<td>Standard type 3 (25—45µ)</td>
<td>jars: 250g/500g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sn62Pb36Ag2</td>
<td>dispensing: 85%</td>
<td>Type 4 and type 5 available for certain alloys</td>
<td>cartridges: 60g: 500g/600g/700g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SnPbAg — AT</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>120g: 1kg/1.2kg/1.3kg/1.5kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>syringes: 5CC/10CC/30CC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>other packaging upon request</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Water soluble solder paste**

**WSP 2006 SnPb(Ag)**

The residue can easily be cleaned with warm water without adding saponifier agents. Cleaning is necessary.

**WSP 2006 SnPb(Ag)** is classified as ORM0 to IPC and EN standards.

**More information:**

- Reflow profile
- Profile recommendations
- Product handling
- Test results
- Operating parameter recommendations

**Key advantages:**

- Absolutely halogen free
- Tack life > 4 hours*
- Good wetting on most surface finishes
- Residue easily cleanable with warm water

* test conditions upon request
Reflow profile

**General description**
Both linear and soak profiles are possible. A soak profile may be used when temperature differences across a board, due to a high mix of components or large board sizes, need to be levelled out. Or when the number of voids, if present because of material combination, need to be decreased. When soldering in air the profile’s peak temperature should occur within a frame time of maximum 300sec or 5 minutes from the profile’s starting point.

The correct conveyor speed (m/min) can be calculated by dividing the total chamber length (m) of the heating zones by the desired process time (min).

Soldering under nitrogen has fewer limitations.

When soldering an assembly in a lead-free solder process, care must be taken not to overheat components especially when using air convection or IR ovens.

It is very important to know the temperature limitations of the components used on the board.

To get a good thermal mapping of the board it is advised to use thermocouples and a thermal measuring tool. Measure on small outline, big outline and temperature sensitive components. Measure on the board side near the conveyor chain, in the middle of the board and close to, or on heat sinks.

**Profile recommendations SnPb and SnPbAg alloys**

**Preheat**
From room temperature until about 170°C at a rate of 1-3°C/s. Higher heating rates could result in component cracking due to absorbed moisture.

**Soak**
Between about 120°C and 170°C, a soak zone is often used at a rate of 0°C/s - 1°C/s for 20-90s to level out temperature differences on a board or to reduce voids.

**Ramp up to reflow**
Maximum 4°C/s because of differences in thermal expansion of different materials on the PCB

**Reflow**
Peak temperature used is related to component specifications. In general between 200°C and 230°C.

The time in liquidus (over melting point of the alloy used) could be between 45 seconds and 90 seconds.

**Cooling**
Cooling rate around -4°C/s because of differences in thermal expansion of different materials.

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**Graphical Representation**

- **Preheat:**
  - Min: +1°C/sec
  - Max: +3°C/sec
- **Soak:**
  - Min: 30sec
  - Max: 120sec
  - Max: +4°C/sec
  - Min: +1°C/sec
- **Reflow:**
  - Min: 200°C
  - Max: 230°C
  - Max: +2°C/sec
  - Min: +0°C/sec
- **Cooling:**
  - Min: +2°C/sec
  - Max: +4°C/sec
Handling

**Storage**
Store the solder paste in the original packaging, tightly sealed at a preferred temperature of 3° to 7°C.

**Handling**
Let the solder paste reach room temperature prior to opening the packaging. Stir well before use.

**Printing**
Water soluble chemistry is sensitive to moisture and temperature. Try to keep R.H below 60% and temperatures below 30°C if possible. Don’t leave solder paste on the stencil when not necessary. Apply enough solder paste to the stencil to allow smooth rolling during printing. Regular replenish fresh solder paste.

**Maintenance**
Set an under stencil clean interval which provides continuous printing quality.

**Reuse**
Do not mix used and fresh paste. Do not put packages back into refrigeration when already opened. Store used paste in a separate jar at room temperature. Test the paste before reuse.

**Cleaning**
Cleaning is necessary and can be done with warm water at 30°C – 50°C (86°F - 122°F) with or without the addition of a saponifier agent. A final rinse with DI-water is necessary.

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**Test results**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chemical</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>qualitative copper mirror</td>
<td>pass</td>
<td>J-STD-004A IPC-TM-650 2.3.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>qualitative halide</td>
<td>pass</td>
<td>J-STD-004A IPC-TM-650 2.3.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>silver chromate (Cl, Br)</td>
<td>pass</td>
<td>J-STD-004 IPC-TM-650 2.3.35.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>spot test (F)</td>
<td>pass</td>
<td>J-STD-004A IPC-TM-650 2.6.3.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Environmental</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIR test</td>
<td>pass</td>
<td>J-STD-004A IPC-TM-650 2.6.3.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mechanical</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>slump test</td>
<td>pass</td>
<td>J-STD-005 IPC-TM-650 2.4.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>at 22°C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0,63mm pad</td>
<td>pass</td>
<td>J-STD-005 IPC-TM-650 2.4.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0,33mm pad</td>
<td>pass</td>
<td>J-STD-005 IPC-TM-650 2.4.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0,22mm pad</td>
<td>pass</td>
<td>J-STD-005 IPC-TM-650 2.4.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>at 150°C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0,63mm pad</td>
<td>pass</td>
<td>J-STD-005 IPC-TM-650 2.4.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0,33mm pad</td>
<td>pass</td>
<td>J-STD-005 IPC-TM-650 2.4.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0,22mm pad</td>
<td>pass</td>
<td>J-STD-005 IPC-TM-650 2.4.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wetting test</td>
<td>pass</td>
<td>J-STD-005 IPC-TM-650 2.4.45</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Operating parameter recommendations

Printing
speed: 20—70mm/sec
squeegee pressure: ±250g / cm length
U.S.C. interval: every 10 boards
temperature range: 15°C to 25°C

Mounting
tack time: > 4 hours

Reflow
reflow profile: linear and soak
heating type: convection, vapour
phase, etc

I.C.T
flying probe testable
pin-bed testable

Trade name: WSP 2006 SnPb(Ag) Water Soluble Solder Paste

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